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**On the Cauchy Problem for a Class of Stochastic Nonlinear Wave Equations**

We study the Cauchy problem for the Klein-Gordon equation with noise on the right-hand side:

$$u_t(x, t) - \psi(x) + \int_0^t u_{xx}(x, s) ds = \int_0^t F(u(s, x)) * dV'(x + s), \quad (1)$$

$u(x, 0) = \varphi(x)$ ,  $u_t(x, 0) = \psi(x)$ , where  $F \in C(R)$  is the given nonlinearity,  $\varphi(x), \psi(x)$  are the initial data, and the integral on the right-hand side is the symmetric integral over the process  $V(s)$ .

**Theorem.** *Let the process  $V(s)$  be constant on any interval with probability 1. Then the solution to the Cauchy problem (1) has the form*

$$u(x, t) = \Phi(x - t, V(x + t)),$$

where  $\Phi(\xi, y)$  satisfies the equation  $\Phi_{\xi y} = -\frac{1}{4}F(\Phi)$  and the initial conditions

$$\Phi(\xi, V(\xi)) = \varphi(\xi), \quad \Phi_w(\xi, V(\xi)) = \beta(\xi), \quad \Phi_\xi(\xi, V(\xi)) = -\alpha(\xi),$$

if the function  $\Psi(x) = \int_{x_0}^x \psi(y) dy$  has a stochastic differential with a symmetric integral  $d\Psi(\xi) = \alpha(\xi)d\xi + \beta(\xi) \star dV(\xi)$ .

Exact solutions of problem (1) are given for various right-hand sides of the equation; random kinks are constructed for the sine-Gordon equation.

#### REFERENCES

1. *Nasyrov F. S.* Local Times, Symmetric Integrals, and Stochastic Analysis, Moscow: FIZMATLIT, 2011.